



## **Chapter 9**

# **Chilled Beams**

**Chapter 9**  
**Chilled beams**

	<b>OKNI 300</b> Ventilate, cool and heat 2-sided outflow Width: 295 mm	<b>3</b>		<b>OKNV</b> Suspended Ventilate, cool and heat 2-sided outflow Width: 595 en 745 mm	<b>33</b>
	<b>OKNI 450 &amp; 600</b> Ventilate, cool and heat 2-sided outflow Width: 445 and 595 mm	<b>11</b>		<b>OKNB</b> Bulkhead model Ventilate, cool and heat 1-sided outflow Width: 395 mm	<b>40</b>
	<b>OKNH</b> High capacity Ventilate, cool and heat 2-sided outflow Width: 595 mm	<b>19</b>			
	<b>OKNM</b> Ventilate, cool and heat 4-sided outflow Dimensions: 595 x 595 mm/ 595 x 1195 mm	<b>27</b>			



## OKNI 300

**Ventilate, cool and heat**  
**For use in modular ceilings**  
**Low built-in height, removable faceplate**

### Available types

**OKNI----**

- O** chilled beam
- K** closed version
- N** ventilate and cool
- I** modular ceiling

#### - Type

300

#### - Model

1200/1500/1800/2400/3000

#### - Nozzle

- Permanent  
A1/A2/B1/B2/B3/C1/C2
- Adjustable (extravent)  
BD00 to BD16 (depending on choice of model)

#### - Coil

- K** cooling only (2-tubes)
- V** heating and cooling (4-tubes)

### Use

The chilled beam type OKNI has a high capacity and is suitable for ventilation, cooling or heating rooms with a height of up to approximately 3 metres. The unit has been designed as an insert module for modular ceilings with a few T-bars or Omega profiles, with a module size of 300mm. The unit can also be integrated into cassette ceilings or surface-mounted on a permanent ceiling. Every length available between 1140 and 2995 mm at intervals of 5 mm. Due to its low weight, it is possible to use type 300 as an insert fitting and to lay it directly in the modular ceiling. This removes the need to hang the unit independently and to align it to the ceiling height, as a simple fall protection suffices. Assembly holes are available for this purpose.

### Finish

#### Housing

Material:	steel
Treatment:	electrogalvanised
Finish:	visible parts; epoxy varnish
Colour:	white (RAL 9010, 55 % gloss)

### Coil

Tubes:	copper
Fins:	aluminium
Post-treatment:	none
Test pressure:	15 bar (all products are tested)
Operating pressure:	10 bar
Water temperature:	max 90 °C
Water speed:	max 1.5 m/s

### SA-Select

Check **SA-Select** to create extended order codes and selection details online. **NB!** At this moment, **SA-Select** is only available in Dutch. But it is possible to create extended order codes and selection details online.



## General

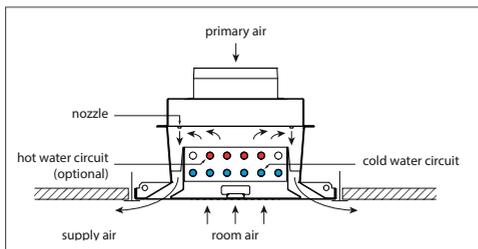
We recommend a straight flow length of  $3 \times D$  in the connection size of the chilled beam. We recommend studying our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)". For condensation-free operation, we recommend supplying the primary air with a dehumidifying capacity of 1 to 2 g/kg dry air. For specific information, please check the Mollier diagram.

## Note

- The listed dimensions are in mm.
- The weight is given in kg.

## Operating principle

The primary air is brought to high speeds via the nozzles. This creates a vacuum above the coil and room air is drawn in. The total of room air and primary air is brought into the room through the outflow openings integrated into the unit. When the air passes the coil, it is cooled or heated (optional) in function of the need in the room.



## Tangible

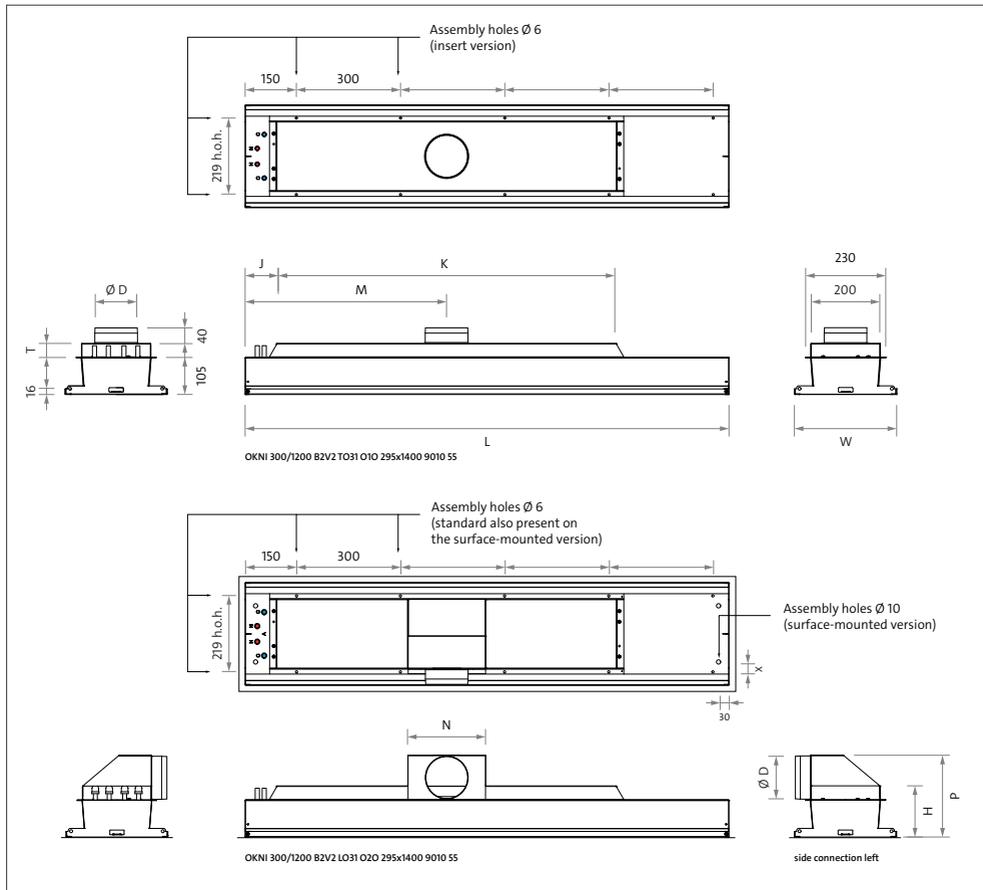
Chilled beams only produce 'tangible' capacity, the units do not have a drip tray. In systems with chilled beams, the required 'latent' capacity is supplied by the dehumidifying capacity of the air-handling unit.

## Selection process

Many factors play a role when you select a chilled beam. The unit has to be selected properly on the air and the water side. For the air side, we consider pressure and noise. On the water side, we consider the required volume of water, water-side resistance, "temperature difference (delta-T) on the water" and supplied output.

For a detailed selection procedure, we refer to the Appendix "[Selection process Solid Air chilled beam](#)".

## Dimensions



## Available dimensions

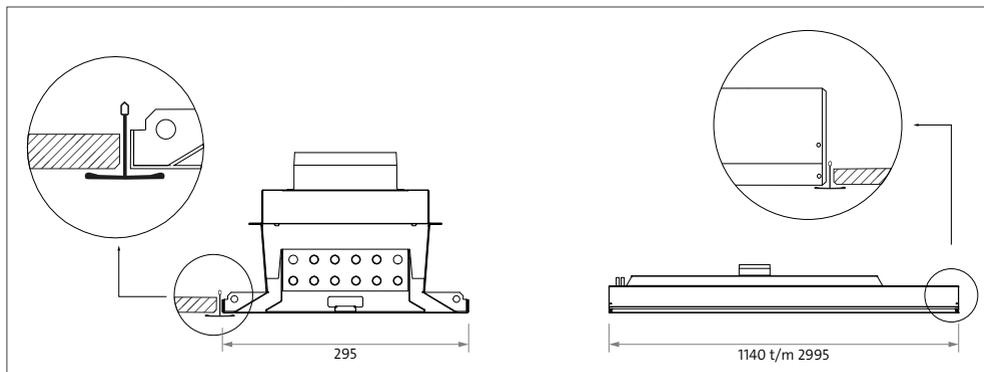
type	model	L from/to	W*	D	T	J	K	M	N	H	P	X	weight
300	1200	1140/2995	295	123	40	90	980	580	225	145	235	35	12
	1500	1440/2995	295	123	40	90	1280	730	225	145	235	35	14
	1800	1670/2995	295	123	40	90	1510	845	225	145	235	35	16
	2400	2295/2995	295	158	40	115	2110	1170	300	145	270	25	22
	3000	2895/2995	295	158	60	115	2710	1470	300	165	270	25	28
300 extravent	1200	1140/2995	295	123	60	90	980	580	225	165	235	35	12
	1500	1440/2995	295	123	60	90	1280	730	225	165	235	35	14
	1800	1670/2995	295	158	60	90	1510	845	270	165	270	35	17
	2400	2295/2995	295	158	60	115	2110	1170	300	165	270	25	23
	3000	2895/2995	295	158	60	115	2710	1470	300	165	270	25	29

Tolerances: width W: + 2/- 2 mm, length L: + 0/- 4 mm.

\*Different widths available on request.

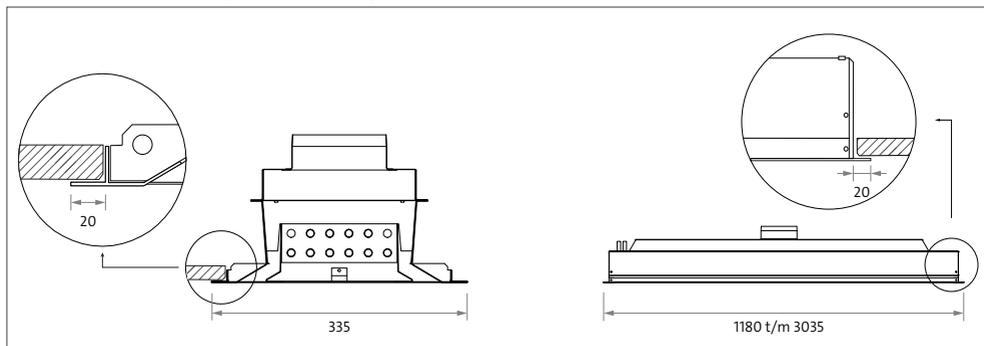
### Side-edge configuration 1:

T-bar insert ceiling/omega-profile ceilings.



### Side-edge configuration 2:

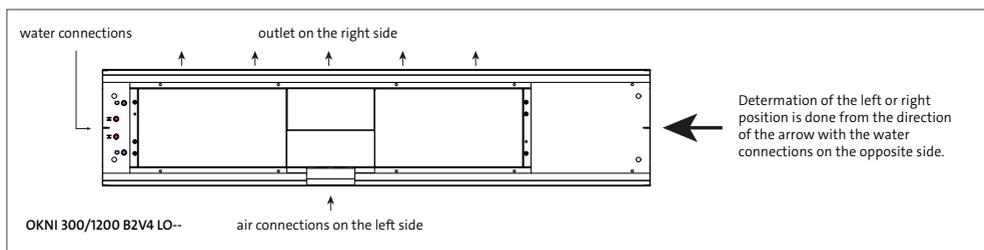
Surface-mounted version permanent ceilings.



### Note: Special version

For different ceiling systems, please contact our sales advisers for a suitable solution.

### Sample configuration (definition left/right)



## Operating principle extravents

With extravents, which can be changed from small to large nozzles in groups, it is possible to increase or reduce the net nozzle surface.

When the inlet pressure stays the same, the primary airflow can be increased or reduced, or the relationship between the primary airflow and the inlet pressure can be changed.

One extravent consists of a magnetic sliding strip on the plenum side of the nozzle plate. At the ends of this strip are 2 socket head screws, the heads of which are visible and can be accessed through the outflow gap of the unit. This requires an "socket-head screwdriver" of sufficient length. Net length 110 mm, for example type 206 S/4 of PB Tools.

## Setting the extravents

- Let the middle segment of the unit drop so that the nozzles are easier to see/access; see maintenance section for how you do this. Loosen both socket head screws by one turn. ①
- Move one of the screws, and in doing so move the sliding strip, to the 'high' or 'low' position. Interim positions are not permitted! ②
- Turn both screws fingertight.

See the table below for the number of extravents per model.

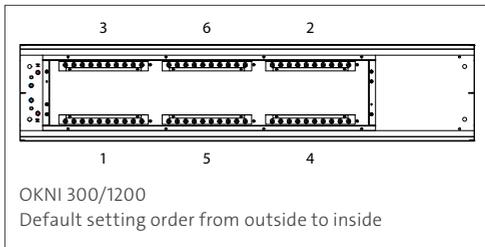
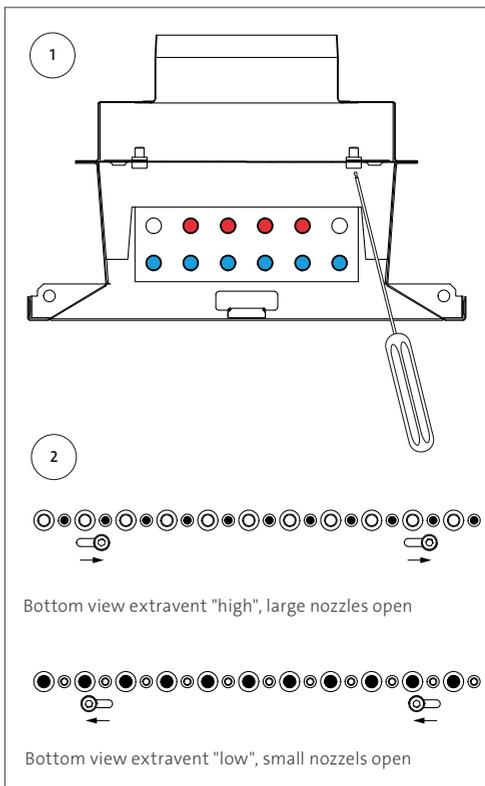
## Extravents per model

model	number of extravents
1200	6 (BD00 t/m BD06)
1500	8 (BD00 t/m BD08)
1800	10 (BD00 t/m BD10)
2400	12 (BD00 t/m BD12)
3000	16 (BD00 t/m BD16)

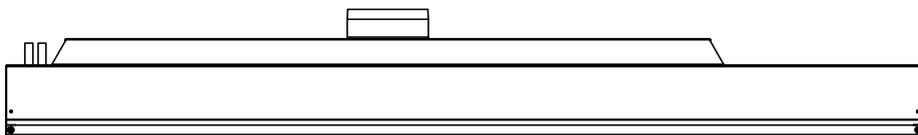
## Standard factory setting extravents

The selected extravent versions BD00 to BD16 are set ex-factory on the basis of a set protocol. For example, see the numbers 1 to 6 in the figure on the right for the sequence in which the extravents are put in the 'high' position.

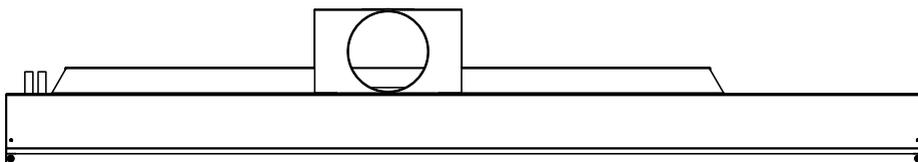
If the units need to have a different ex-factory setting, we recommend you contact our sales department.



## Air connections



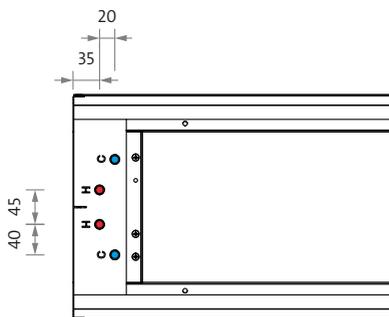
OKNI 300/1200 top connection L = 1400



OKNI 300/1200 zij connection left L = 1400

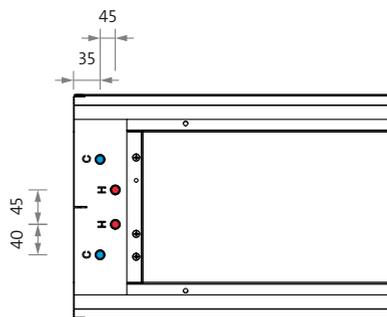
## Water connections

In order to prevent damage/leaks of the water-side connection, we recommend using Push-Fitt couplings.



cooling and heating: 4 x Ø 12 mm

Model 1200/1500/1800



cooling: 2 x Ø 15 mm  
heating: 2 x Ø 12 mm

Model 2400/3000

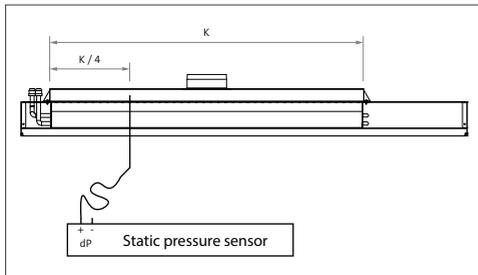
## Water quality

To keep your water-fed system in optimum condition, it is essential to flush the system regularly (once every two days) and to check the water quality regularly. For more information, we refer to our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)".

## Commissioning

After installing the chilled beans, they need to be set on the air side and the water side. Those activities are generally carried out by a specialised company.

For the air-side setting, the static pressure in the plenum must be measured at a quarter of the length of the plenum.



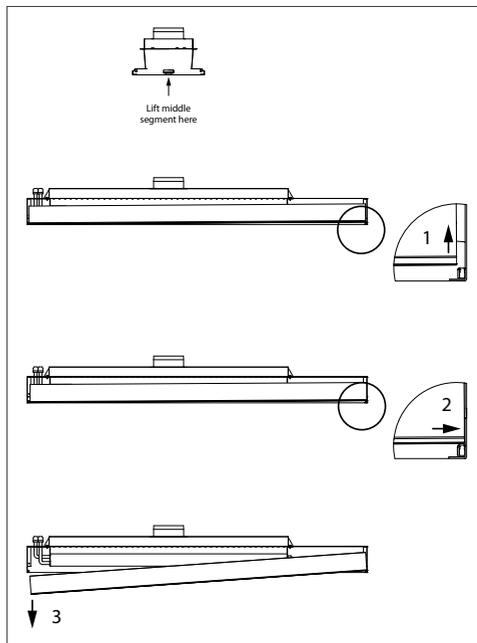
This requires a thin tube that is inserted through the nozzle into the plenum. Remember that for extravent units you use an open nozzle to carry out the measurement. Inserting the measuring tube in a closed vent could damage the seal of the extravent strip and produce noise problems.

## Maintenance

In view of cleaning the coil and the supply nozzles, it is possible to remove the middle segment of the unit in a simple fashion. This works as follows:

1. Push the perforated part of the middle segment, in the middle, next to one of the ends, approximately 5 mm up.
2. At the same time, push the entire middle segment lengthways into the relevant end.
3. **NB:** The other side of the middle segment is now released from the opposite end and can be removed from the unit. It remains connected to the unit with two safety cables.

Fit in reverse order.



**Order and option codes**

OKNI 300/1200	B2 V 4	L O - -	O 1 O	295 x 1195	9010 55
<b>Type</b> _____ 300					
<b>Model</b> _____ 1200 - 1500 - 1800 - 2400 - 3000					
<b>Nozzle plate</b> _____ A1 - A2 B1 - B2 - B3 C1 - C2 BD00 t/m BD16 (depending on choice of model)					
<b>Coil</b> _____ K cooling V cooling and heating O none (dummy)					
<b>Uitblaasconfiguratie</b> _____ 2 2-sided outflow 3 1-sided outflow to the left 4 1-sided outflow to the right					
<b>Air connection</b> _____ T top L left R right					
<b>Water connection</b> _____ O standard					
<b>Air-connection diameter</b> _____ - standard in accordance with size table on <a href="#">page 5</a>					
<b>Plenum version</b> _____ - standard in accordance with size table on <a href="#">page 5</a>					
<b>Diffuser</b> _____ O not applicable					
<b>Side-edge configuration</b> _____ 1 suitable for T-bar 2 suitable for surface mounting					
<b>FPC (outflow direction element)</b> _____ O not applicable					
<b>Actual width</b> _____ 295 mm (type 300)					
<b>Actual length</b> _____ depends on model size (from 1140 to 2995 mm)					
<b>Colour</b> _____ RAL 9010 (standard), a different colour on request					
<b>Gloss level</b> _____ 55 % (standard)					

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## OKNI 450 & 600

**Ventilate, cool and heat**  
**For use in modular ceilings**  
**Low built-in height, removable faceplate**

### Available types

**OKNI----**

- O** chilled beam
- K** closed version
- N** ventilate and cool
- I** modular ceiling

#### - Type

450  
600

#### - Model

1200/1500/1800/2400/3000

#### - Nozzle

- Permanent  
A1/A2/B1/B2/B3/C1/C2
- Adjustable (extravent)  
AD00 to AD14 (depending on choice of model)

#### - Coil

- K** cooling only (2-tubes)
- V** heating and cooling (4-tubes)

### SA-Select

Check SA-Select to create extended order codes and selection details online. **NB!** At this moment, SA-Select is only available in Dutch. But it is possible to create extended order codes and selection details online.

### Use

The chilled beam type OKNI has a high capacity and is suitable for ventilation, cooling or heating rooms with a height of up to approximately 3 metres. The unit has been designed as an insert module for modular ceilings with a few T-bars or Omega profiles, with a module size of 450 or 600 mm. The unit can also be used as an intermediate element in cassette ceilings. Every length available between 1090 and 2995 mm at intervals of 5 mm. Due to the greater weight of the types 450 and 600, we recommend fitting by hanging. Assembly holes are available for this purpose.

### Finish

#### Housing

Material:	steel
Treatment:	electrogalvanised
Finish:	visible parts; epoxy varnish
Colour:	white (RAL 9010), 55 % gloss

#### Coil

Tubes:	copper
Fins:	aluminium
Post-treatment:	none
Test pressure:	15 bar (all products are tested)
Operating pressure:	10 bar
Water temperature:	max 90 °C
Water speed:	max 1.5 m/s



## General

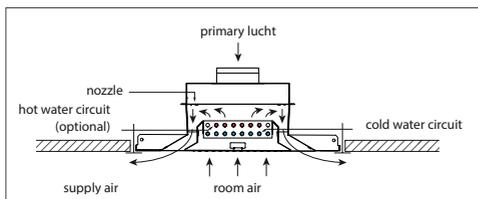
We recommend a straight flow length of  $3 \times D$  in the connection size of the chilled beam. We recommend studying our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)". For condensation-free operation, we recommend supplying the primary air with a dehumidifying capacity of 1 to 2 g/kg dry air. For specific information, please check the Mollier diagram.

## Note

- The listed dimensions are in mm.
- The weight is given in kg.

## Operating principle

The primary air is brought to high speeds via the nozzles. This creates a vacuum above the coil and room air is drawn in. The total of room air and primary air is brought into the room through the outflow openings integrated into the unit. When the air passes the coil, it is cooled or heated (optional) in function of the need in the room.



## Tangible

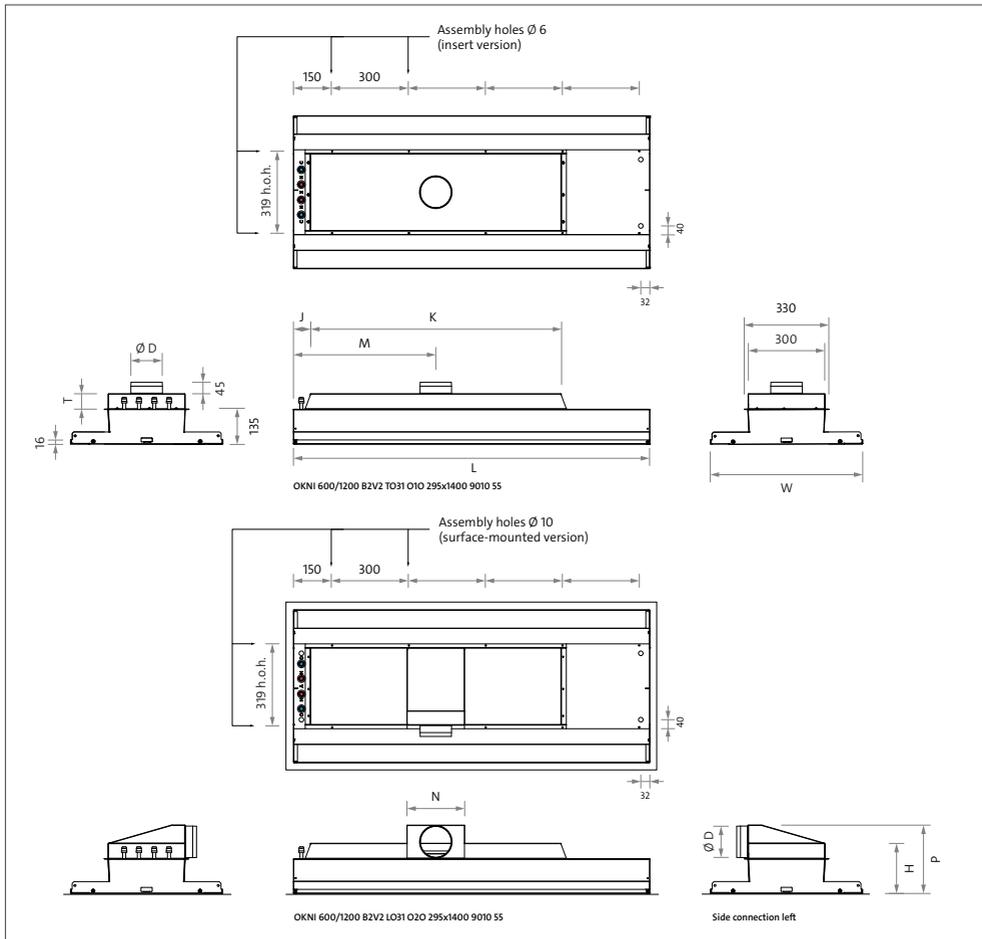
Chilled beams only produce 'tangible' capacity, the units do not have a drip tray. In systems with chilled beams, the required 'latent' capacity is supplied by the dehumidifying capacity of the air-handling unit.

## Selection process

Many factors play a role when you select a chilled beam. The unit has to be selected properly on the air and the water side. For the air side, we consider pressure and noise. On the water side, we consider the required volume of water, water-side resistance, "temperature difference (delta-T) on the water" and supplied output.

For a detailed selection procedure, we refer to the Appendix "[Selection process Solid Air chilled beam](#)".

## Dimensions



### Available dimensions

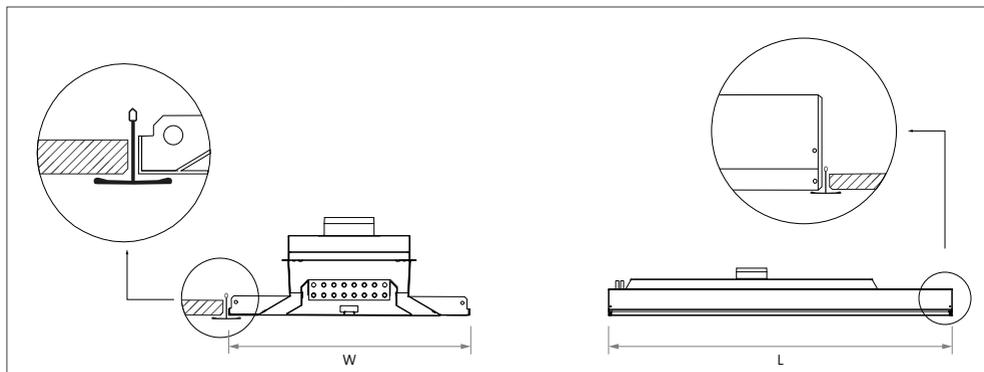
type	model	L van/tot	W*	D	T	J	K	M	N	H	P	weight
450 or 600	1200	1090/2995	445/595	123	60	65	980	555	225	195	265	16
	1500	1390/2995	445/595	123	60	65	1280	705	225	195	265	21
	1800	1640/2995	445/595	123	60	85	1510	840	225	195	265	24
	2400	2240/2995	445/595	158	60	85	2110	1140	300	195	300	33
	3000	2840/2995	445/595	198	60	85	2710	1440	300	195	340	41
450 or 600 extravent	1200	1090/2995	445/595	123	80	65	980	555	225	215	265	17
	1500	1390/2995	445/595	158	80	65	1280	705	300	215	300	22
	1800	1640/2995	445/595	158	80	85	1510	840	300	215	300	25
	2400	2240/2995	445/595	158	80	85	2110	1140	300	215	300	34
	3000	2840/2995	445/595	198	80	85	2710	1440	300	215	340	44

Tolerances: width W:  $\pm 2$  mm, length L:  $+0/-4$  mm.

\*Different widths available on request.

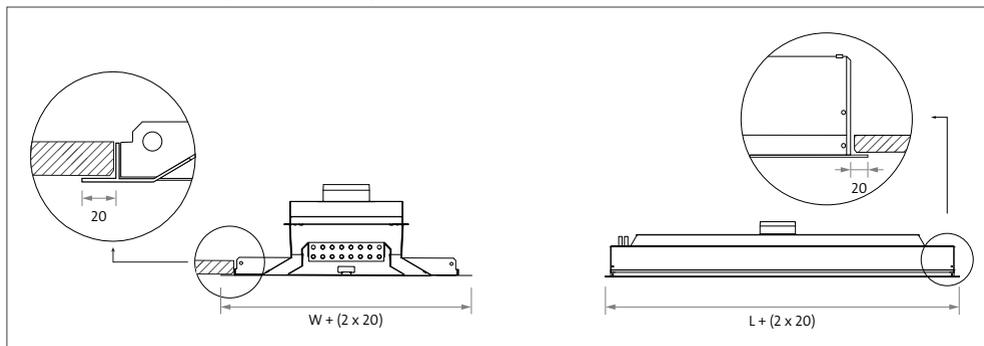
### Side-edge configuration 1:

T-bar insert ceiling/omega-profile ceilings.



### Side-edge configuration 2:

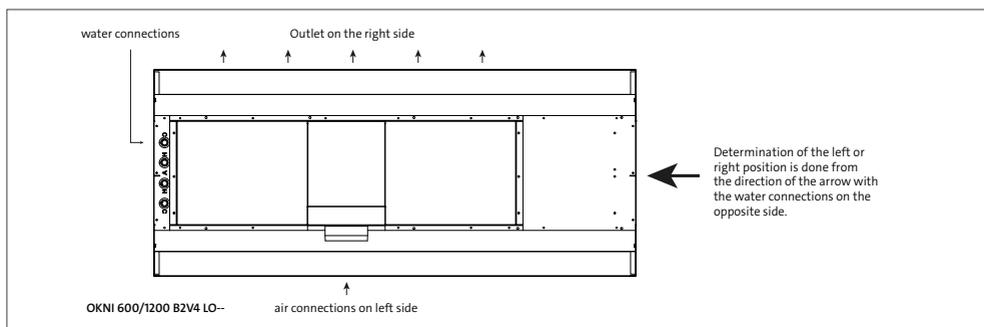
Surface-mounted version permanent ceilings.



### Note: Special version.

For different ceiling systems, please contact our sales advisers for a suitable solution.

### Sample configuration (definition left/right)



## Operating principle extravents

With extravents, which can be changed from small to large nozzles in groups, it is possible to increase or reduce the net nozzle surface.

When the inlet pressure stays the same, the primary airflow can be increased or reduced, or the relationship between the primary airflow and the inlet pressure can be changed.

One extravent consists of a magnetic sliding strip on the plenum side of the nozzle plate. At the ends of this strip are 2 socket head screws, the heads of which are visible and can be accessed through the outflow gap of the unit. This requires an "socket-head screwdriver" of sufficient length. Net length 110 mm, for example type 206 S/4 of PB Tools.

## Setting the extravents

- Let the middle segment of the unit drop so that the nozzles are easier to see/access; see maintenance section for how you do this. Loosen both socket head screws by one turn. ①
- Move one of the screws, and in doing so move the sliding strip, to the 'high' or 'low' position. Interim positions are not permitted! ②
- Turn both screws fingertight.

See the table below for the number of extravents per model.

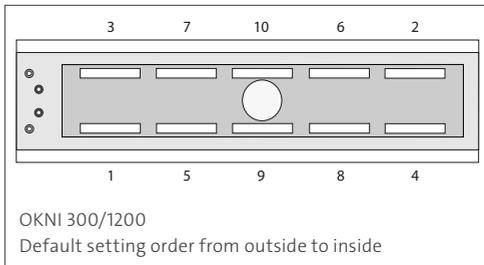
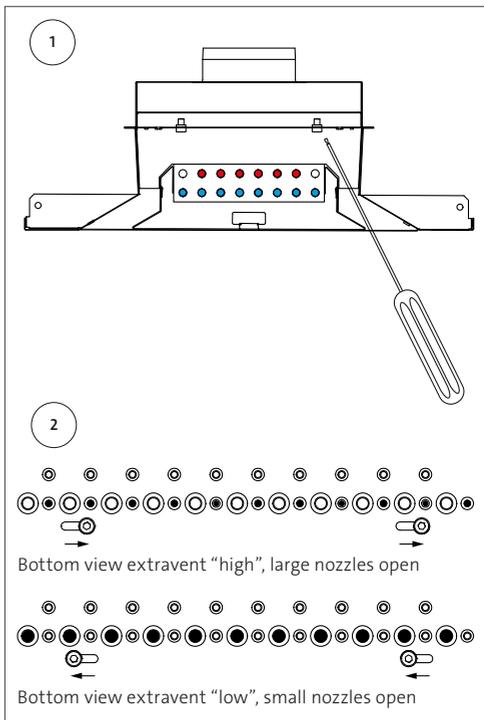
## Extravents per model

model	number of extravents
1200	6 (AD00 t/m AD06)
1500	8 (AD00 t/m AD08)
1800	10 (AD00 t/m AD10)
2400	12 (AD00 t/m AD12)
3000	16 (AD00 t/m AD16)

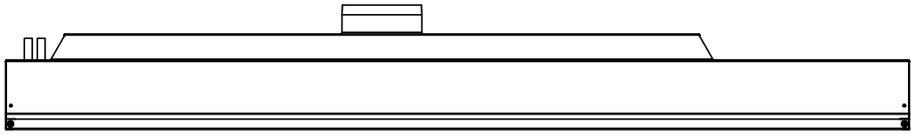
## Standard factory setting extravents

The selected extravent versions AD00 to AD16 are set ex-factory on the basis of a set protocol. For example, see the numbers 1 to 10 in the figure on the right for the sequence in which the extravents are put in the 'high' position.

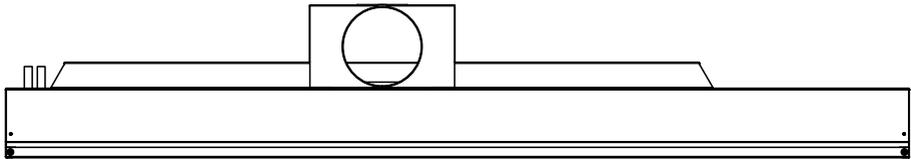
If the units need to have a different ex-factory setting, we recommend you contact our sales department.



## Air connections



OKNI 600/1200 top connection L = 1400



OKNI 600/1200 side connection left L = 1400

## Water connections

In order to prevent damage/leaks of the water-side connection, we recommend using Push-Fit couplings.



cooling and heating: 4 x  $\varnothing$  12 mm

**Model 1200/1500**

cooling: 2 x  $\varnothing$  15 mm  
heating: 2 x  $\varnothing$  12 mm

**Model 1800/2400/3000**

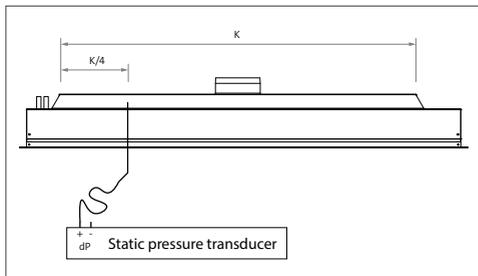
## Water quality

To keep your water-fed system in optimum condition, it is essential to flush the system regularly (once every two days) and to check the water quality regularly. For more information, we refer to our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)".

## Operating principle

After installation of the chilled beams, they must be adjusted air-sided and water-sided. This work is usually carried out by a specialized balancing company.

For the airside adjustment, the static pressure in the plenum should be measured at a quarter of the length of the plenum.



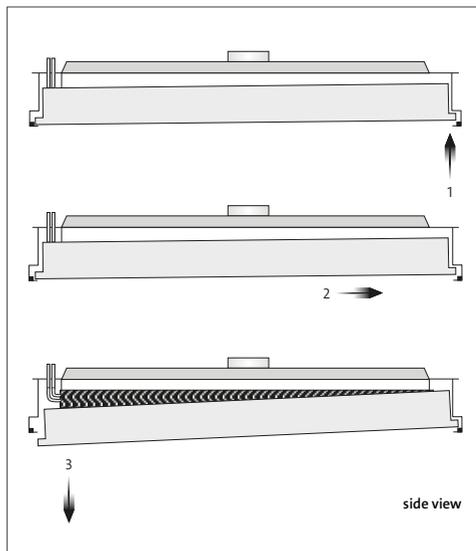
This requires a thin tube to insert through the nozzle into the plenum. Please note that extravent units use an open nozzle to perform the measurement. Inserting the measuring tube into a closed hole can damage the seal of the extravent strip and cause noise problems.

## Maintenance

In view of cleaning the coil and the supply nozzles, it is possible to remove the middle segment of the unit in a simple fashion. This works as follows:

1. Push the perforated part of the middle segment, in the middle, next to one of the ends, approximately 5 mm up.
2. At the same time, push the entire middle segment lengthways into the relevant end.
3. **NB:** The other side of the middle segment is now released from the opposite end and can be removed from the unit. It remains connected to the unit with two safety cables.

Fit in reverse order.



**Order and option codes**

OKNI 600/1200	B2 V 4	L O - -	0 1 0	595 x 1195	9010 55
---------------	--------	---------	-------	------------	---------

<b>Type</b> _____	
450 - 600	
<b>Model</b> _____	
1200 - 1500 - 1800 - 2400 - 3000	
<b>Nozzle plate</b> _____	
A1 - A2 B1 - B2 - B3 C1 - C2 AD00 to AD16 (depending on choice of model)	
<b>Coil</b> _____	
K cooling V cooling and heating O none (dummy)	
<b>Outflow configuration</b> _____	
2 2-sided outflow 3 1-sided outflow to the left 4 1-sided outflow to the right	
<b>air connection</b> _____	
T top L left R right	
<b>Water connection</b> _____	
O standard	
<b>Air-connection diameter</b> _____	
- standard in accordance with size table on <a href="#">page 13</a>	
<b>Plenum version</b> _____	
- standard in accordance with size table on <a href="#">page 13</a>	
<b>Diffuser</b> _____	
O not applicable	
<b>Side-edge configuration</b> _____	
1 suitable for T-bar 2 suitable for surface mounting	
<b>FPC (outflow direction element)</b> _____	
O not applicable F FPC	
<b>Actual width</b> _____	
445 mm (type 450) 595 mm (type 600)	
<b>Actual length</b> _____	
depends on model size (from 1090 to 2995 mm)	
<b>Colour</b> _____	
RAL 9010 (standard), a different colour on request	
<b>Gloss level</b> _____	
55 % (standard)	

9



## OKNH

**Ventilate, cool and heat**  
**High capacity**  
**For use in modular ceilings**  
**Low built-in height, removable faceplate**

### Available types

**OKNH----**

- O** chilled beam
- K** closed version
- N** ventilate and cool
- H** high capacity

#### - Type

600

#### - Model

1200/1500/1800/2400/3000

#### - Nozzle

- Permanent  
A1/A2/B1/B2/B3/C1/C2
- Adjustable (extravent)  
AD00 to AD16 (depending on choice of model)

#### - Coil

- K** cooling only
- V** heating and cooling (double circuit)

### SA-Select

Check [SA-Select](#) to create extended order codes and selection details online. **NB!** At this moment, SA-Select is only available in Dutch. But it is possible to create extended order codes and selection details online.



### Use

The chilled beam type OKNH has a higher capacity and is suitable for ventilation, cooling or heating rooms with a height of up to approximately 3 metres.

The unit has been designed as an insert module for modular ceilings with a few T-bars or Omega profiles, with a module size of 600 mm. Every length available between 1195 and 2995 mm at intervals of 5 mm.

The closed version brings in the supply air on two sides and its highly efficient supply effect means it can be fitted in offices in the middle of the rooms parallel to the facade. The choice of different nozzle types enables an optimum combination of ventilation air and cooling capacity in every situation.

For cleaning purposes of the coil and the nozzles, our patented construction allows the front to be removed easily and without tools; [see page 19](#).

The chilled beam type OKNH "extravent" (nozzle type AD00 to AD18), is fitted with additional nozzles that allow a group change from small to large nozzles. It is operated at the front by sliding a magnetic closing strip. This patented system guarantees complete closure and prevents undesirable noise production. The use of extravents allows significant adjustments to the primary air quantity without the unit moving outside its operating range on the air or the water side. Changing an office area into a meeting room, or the other way around, at a later stage is easy with this unit.

## Finish

### Housing

Material:	steel
Treatment:	electrogalvanised
Finish:	visible parts; epoxy varnish
Colour:	white (RAL 9010)

### Coil

Tubes:	copper
Fins:	aluminium
Post-treatment:	none
Test/operating pressure:	15/10 bar

## General

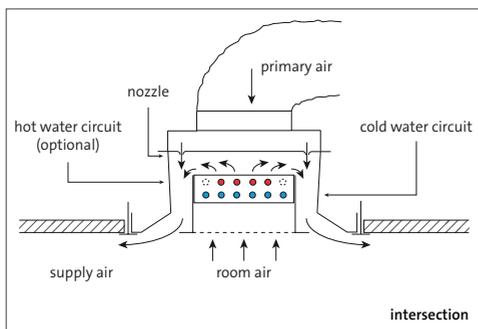
We recommend a straight flow length of  $3 \times D$  in the connection size of the chilled beam. We recommend studying our document "[Solid Air recommendations for waterquality](#)". For condensation-free operation, we recommend supplying the primary air with a dehumidifying capacity of 1 to 2 g/kg dry air. For specific information, please check the Mollier diagram.

## Note

- The listed dimensions are in mm.
- The weight is given in kg.

## Operating principle

The primary air is brought to high speeds via the venturi plates. This produces a powerful pump effect and secondary air is drawn in via the coil. The total of room air and primary air is brought into the room through the outflow openings integrated into the unit. When the air passes the coil, it is cooled or heated (optional) in function of the need in the room.



## Tangible

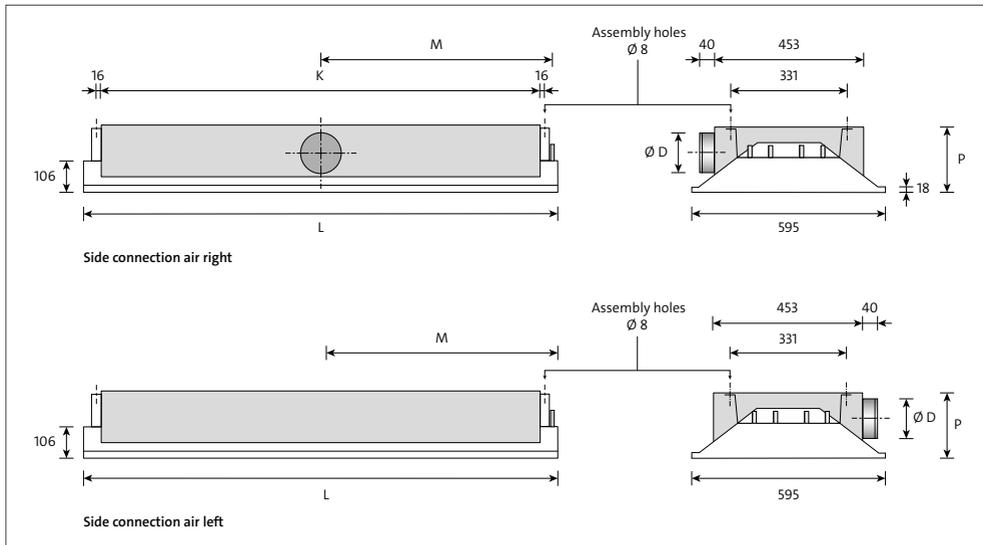
Chilled beams only produce 'tangible' capacity, the units do not have a drip tray. In systems with chilled beams, the required 'latent' capacity is supplied by the dehumidifying capacity of the air-handling unit.

## Selection process

Many factors play a role when you select a chilled beam. The unit has to be selected properly on the air and the water side. For the air side, we consider pressure and noise. On the water side, we consider the required volume of water, water-side resistance, "temperature difference (delta-T) on the water" and supplied output.

For a detailed selection procedure, we refer to the Appendix "[Selection process Solid Air chilled beam](#)".

## Dimensions



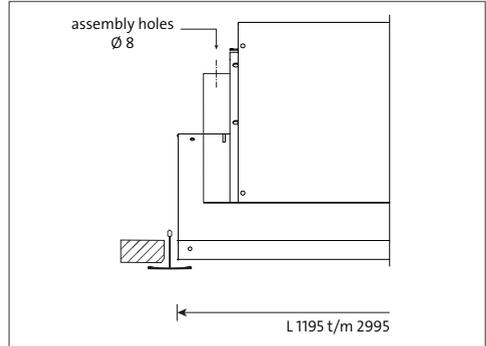
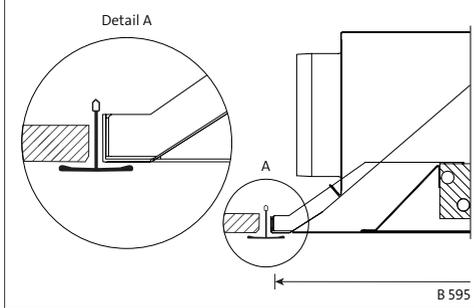
## Available dimensions

type	model	L from/to	D	M	P	K	weight
600	1200	1195/2995	123	602	205	1100	22
	1500	1495/2995	123	752	205	1400	29
	1800	1795/2995	123	902	205	1700	34
	2400	2395/2995	158	1202	240	2300	46
	3000	2995	158	1502	240	2900	57

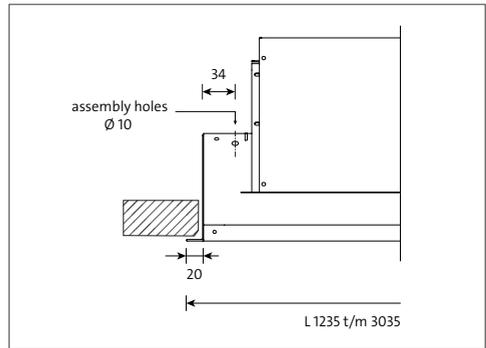
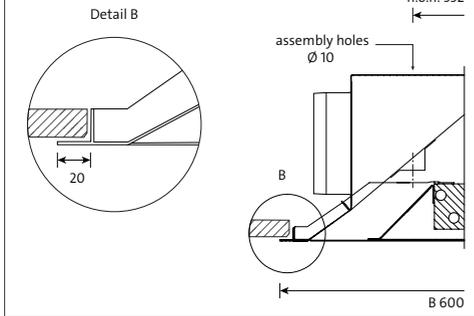
Tolerances: width W: +2/- 2 mm, length L: +0/- 4 mm.  
Different sizes available on request.

## Side-edge configuration

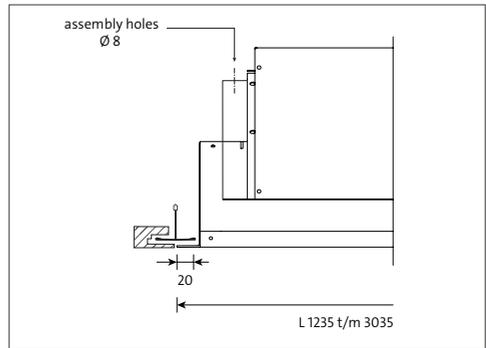
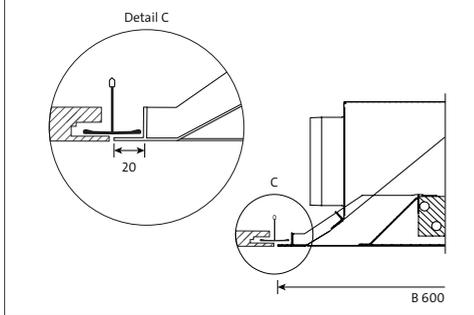
### 1 T-beam (insert) ceilings



### 2 Surface-mounted version permanent ceilings

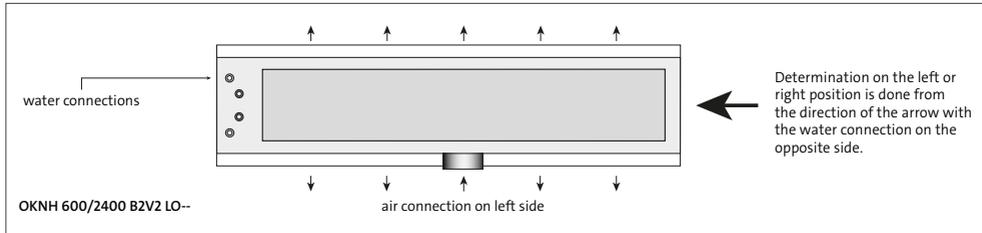


### 3 Concealed suspended ceilings

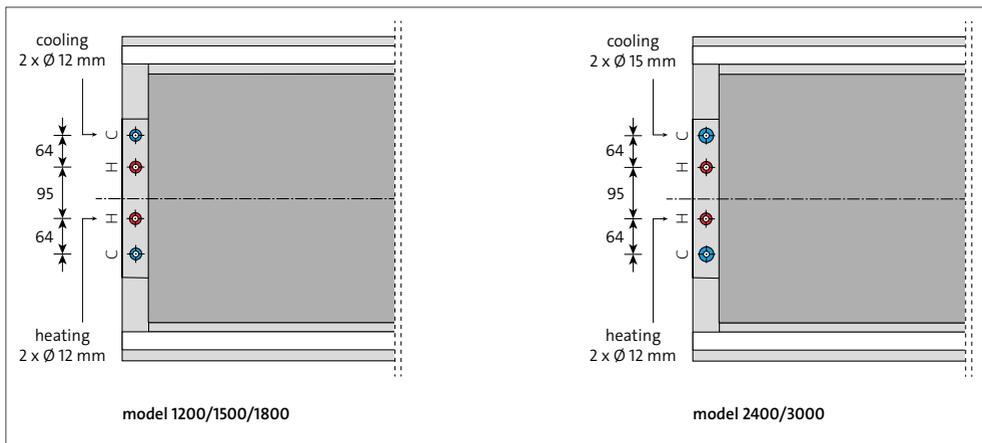


Tolerances: width W: + 2/- 2 mm, length L: + 0/- 4 mm.

### Position of air and water connection



### Water connections OKNH



### Water quality

To keep your water-fed system in optimum condition, it is essential to flush the system regularly (once every two days) and to check the water quality regularly. For more information, we refer to our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)".

## Operating principle extravents

With extravents, which can be changed from small to large nozzles in groups, it is possible to increase or reduce the net nozzle surface.

When the inlet pressure stays the same, the primary airflow can be increased or reduced, or the relationship between the primary airflow and the inlet pressure can be changed.

One extravent consists of a magnetic sliding strip on the plenum side of the nozzle plate. At the ends of this strip are 2 socket head screws, the heads of which are visible and can be accessed through the outflow gap of the unit. This requires an "socket-head screwdriver" of sufficient length. Net length 110 mm, for example type 206 S/4 of PB Tools.

## Setting the extravents

- Loosen both socket head screws loose by one turn. ①
- Move one of the screws, and in doing so the sliding strip, to the 'high' or 'low' position. ②
- Interim positions are not permitted!
- Turn both screws fingertight.

See the table below for the number of extravents per model.

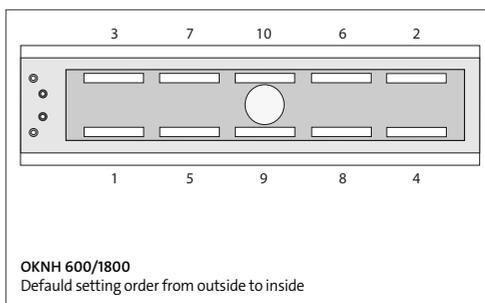
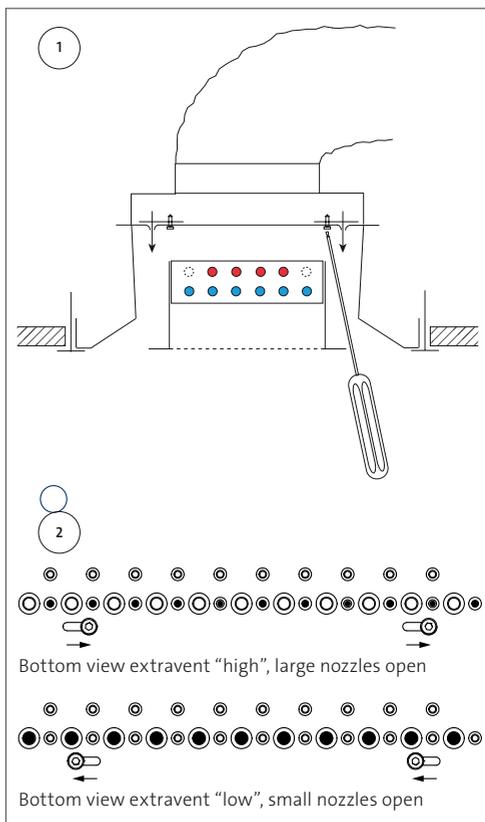
## Extravents per model

model	number of extravents
1200	6 (AD00 t/m AD06)
1500	8 (AD00 t/m AD08)
1800	10 (AD00 t/m AD10)
2400	14 (AD00 t/m AD14)
3000	18 (AD00 t/m AD18)

## Standard factory setting extravents

The selected extravent versions AD00 to AD18 are set ex-factory on the basis of a set protocol. For example, see the numbers 1 to 10 in the figure on the right for the sequence in which the extravents are put in the 'high' position.

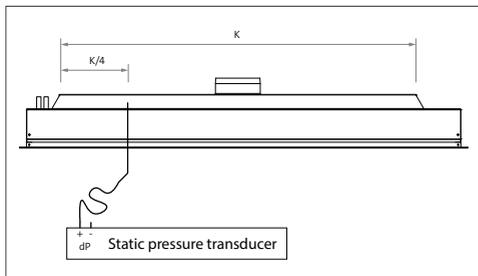
If the units need to have a different ex-factory setting, we recommend you contact our sales department.



## Operating principle

After installation of the chilled beams, they must be adjusted air-sided and water-sided. This work is usually carried out by a specialized balancing company.

For the airside adjustment, the static pressure in the plenum should be measured at a quarter of the length of the plenum.



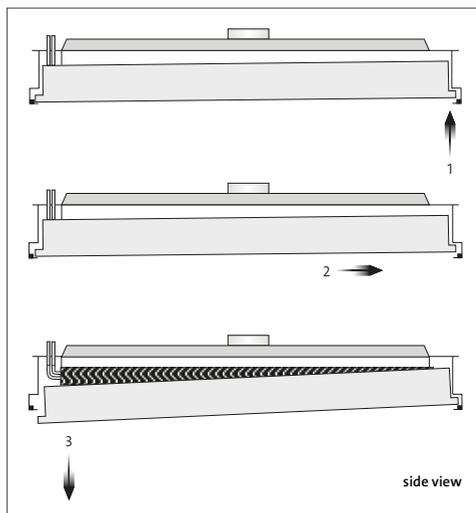
This requires a thin tube to insert through the nozzle into the plenum. Please note that extravent units use an open nozzle to perform the measurement. Inserting the measuring tube into a closed hole can damage the seal of the extravent strip and cause noise problems.

## Maintenance

In view of cleaning the coil and the supply nozzles, it is possible to remove the middle segment of the unit in a simple fashion. This works as follows:

1. Push the perforated part of the middle segment, in the middle, next to one of the ends, approximately 5 mm up.
2. At the same time, push the entire middle segment lengthways into the relevant end.
3. **NB:** The other side of the middle segment is now released from the opposite end and can be removed from the unit. It remains connected to the unit with two safety cables.

Fit in reverse order.



**Order and options codes**

OKNH 600/1200	A1	K	2	L	O	-	O	1	O	595 x 1195	9010	55
<b>Type</b> _____ 600												
<b>Model</b> _____ 1200 - 1500 - 1800 - 2400 - 3000												
<b>Nozzle plate</b> _____ A1 - A2 B1 - B2 - B3 C1 - C2 AD00 to AD18 (depending on choice of model)												
<b>Warmtewisselaar</b> _____ K cooling V cooling and heating O none (dummy)												
<b>Uitblaasconfiguratie</b> _____ 2 2-sided outflow 3 1-sided outflow to the left 4 1-sided outflow to the right												
<b>Air connection</b> _____ L left R right												
<b>Water connection</b> _____ O standard												
<b>Air-connection diameter</b> _____ - standard in accordance with size table on <a href="#">page 21</a>												
<b>Plenum version</b> _____ O standard												
<b>Diffuser</b> _____ O not applicable												
<b>Side-edge configuration</b> _____ 1 suitable for T-ligger 2 suitable for surface mounting 3 suitable for covered T-bar												
<b>FPC (outflow direction element)</b> _____ O not applicable F FPC												
<b>Actual width</b> _____ 595 mm (depending on side-edge configuration)												
<b>Actual length</b> _____ depending on the model size and the side-edge configuration												
<b>Colour</b> _____ RAL 9010 (standard), a different colour on request												
<b>Gloss level</b> _____ 55 % (standard)												

9



## OKNM

**Ventilate, cool and heat**  
**For use in modular ceilings**  
**Low built-in height, removable faceplate**

### Available types

**OKNM----**

- O** chilled beam
- K** closed version
- N** ventilate and cool
- M** modular ceiling

#### - Type

600

#### - Model

600/1200

#### - Nozzle

model 600

B2/C2/D2

model 1200

A1/A2/B1/B2/B3/C1/C2

#### - Coil

**K** cooling only

**V** heating and cooling (double circuit)

### SA-Select

Check [SA-Select](#) to create extended order codes and selection details online. **NB!** At this moment, SA-Select is only available in Dutch. But it is possible to create extended order codes and selection details online.



### Use

The chilled beam type OKNM has a high capacity and is suitable for ventilation, cooling or heating rooms with a height of up to approximately 3 metres.

The unit has been designed as an insert module for T-bar modular ceilings, with a module size of 600 mm. The unit can also be used surface mounted.

The closed version provides 4-sided supply air and can be used universally in offices because of their highly efficient supply effect. The choice of three nozzle types enables an optimum combination of ventilation air and cooling capacity in every situation.

For cleaning purposes of the coil and the nozzles, the front can be removed easily and without tools.

### Finish

#### Housing

Material:	steel
Treatment:	electrogalvanised
Finish:	visible parts; epoxy varnish
Colour:	white (RAL 9010)

#### Coil

Tubes:	copper
Fins:	aluminium
Post-treatment:	none
Test/operating pressure:	15/10 bar

### Optional

Blanking panels: 3, 2 or 1-sided

**Remember:** the side of the water connection cannot be blanked.

## General

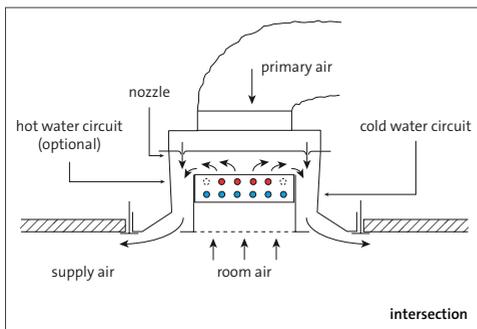
We recommend a straight flow length of  $3 \times D$  in the connection size of the chilled beam. We recommend studying our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)". For condensation-free operation, we recommend supplying the primary air with a dehumidifying capacity of 1 to 2 g/kg dry air. For specific information, please check the Mollier diagram.

## Note

- The listed dimensions are in mm.
- The weight is given in kg.

## Operating principle

The primary air is brought to high speeds via the venturi plates. This produces a powerful pump effect and secondary air is drawn in via the coil. The total of room air and primary air is brought into the room through the outflow openings integrated into the unit. When the air passes the coil, it is cooled or heated (optional) in function of the need in the room.



## Tangible

Chilled beams only produce 'tangible' capacity, the units do not have a drip tray. In systems with chilled beams, the required 'latent' capacity is supplied by the dehumidifying capacity of the air-handling unit.

## Selection process

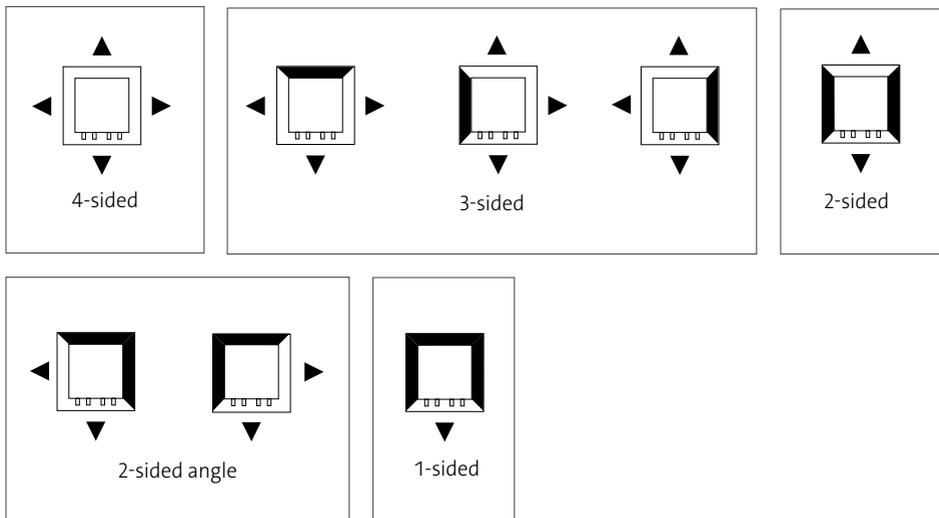
Many factors play a role when you select a chilled beam. The unit has to be selected properly on the air and the water side. For the air side, we consider pressure and noise. On the water side, we consider the required volume of water, water-side resistance, "temperature difference (delta-T) on the water" and supplied output.

For a detailed selection procedure, we refer to the Appendix "[Selection process Solid Air chilled beam](#)".

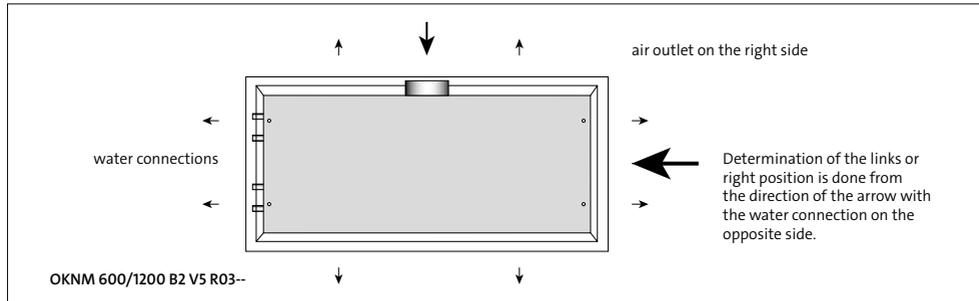


### Outflow pattern

Blanking panels can be fitted and fixed with clips.  
 The side of the water connections cannot be blanked.  
 Using blanking panels reduces the water-side capacity.



### Position of air and water connection



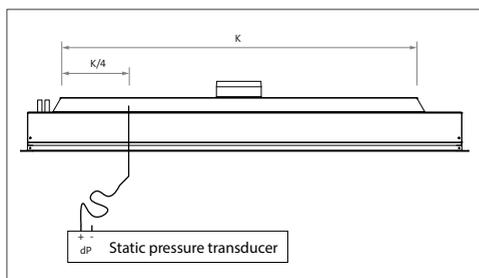
## Water quality

To keep your water-fed system in optimum condition, it is essential to flush the system regularly (once every two days) and to check the water quality regularly. For more information, we refer to our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)".

## Operating principle

After installation of the chilled beams, they must be adjusted air-sided and water-sided. This work is usually carried out by a specialized balancing company.

For the airside adjustment, the static pressure in the plenum should be measured at a quarter of the length of the plenum.



This requires a thin tube to insert through the nozzle into the plenum. Please note that extravent units use an open nozzle to perform the measurement. Inserting the measuring tube into a closed hole can damage the seal of the extravent strip and cause noise problems.

## Maintenance

In view of cleaning the coil and the supply nozzles, it is possible to remove the middle segment of the unit in a simple fashion.

### This works as follows:

1. Every corner has a clip.
2. Push the clip aside in all four corners.
3. The panel comes away and hangs from the safety cable.

Fit in reverse order.



1

2

3

**Order and options codes**

OKNM 600/600		B2 V 5		R O 3 U		O 1 O		595 x 595		9010 55
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<p><b>Type</b> 600</p> <p><b>Model</b> 600 - 1200</p> <p><b>Nozzle plate</b> B2 - C2 - D2 (model 600) A1 - A2 - B1 - B2 - B3 - C1 - C2 (model 1200)</p> <p><b>Coil</b> K cooling V cooling and heating</p> <p><b>Outflow configuration</b> 5 4-sided outflow, blanking strips are available on request</p> <p><b>Air connection</b> T top V front L left A back R right</p> <p><b>Water connection</b> O standard</p> <p><b>Air-connection diameter</b> 3 125 mm V oval on basis of 125 mm</p> <p><b>Plenum version</b> U uninsulated</p> <p><b>Diffuser</b> O not applicable</p> <p><b>Side-edge configuration</b> 1 suitable for T-bar</p> <p><b>FPC (outflow direction element)</b> O not applicable</p> <p><b>Actual width</b> 595 mm</p> <p><b>Actual length</b> 595 mm 1195 mm</p> <p><b>Colour</b> RAL 9010 (standard)</p> <p><b>Gloss level</b> 55 % (standard)</p>										
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## OKNV

**Ventilate, cool and heat**  
**For suspended use**  
**Low built-in height, removable faceplate**

### Available types

**O K N V - - - -**

- O** chilled beam
- K** closed version
- N** ventilate and cool
- V** suspended

#### - Type

300  
450

#### - Model

1200/1500/1800/2400/3000

#### - Nozzle

- Permanent  
A1/A2/B1/B2/B3/C1/C2
- Adjustable (extravent)  
BD00 to BD14  
AD00 to AD16  
(depending on the type and choice of model)

#### - Coil

- K** cooling only
- V** heating and cooling (double circuit)

### SA-Select

Check SA-Select to create extended order codes and selection details online. **NB!** At this moment, SA-Select is only available in Dutch. But it is possible to create extended order codes and selection details online.



### Use

The chilled beam type OKNV has a high capacity and is suitable for ventilating, cooling or heating rooms with a height of up to approximately 3 metres.

The chilled beam is designed for suspended use. Every length available between 1140 and 2995 mm at intervals of 5 mm.

The closed version brings in the supply air on two sides and its highly efficient supply effect means it can be fitted in offices in the middle of the rooms parallel to the facade. The choice of three nozzle types enables an optimum combination of ventilation air and cooling capacity in every situation.

For cleaning purposes of the battery and the nozzles, our patented construction allows the front to be removed easily and without tools; [see page 38](#).

The chilled beam type OKNV "extravent" (Nozzle type BD00 to BD16 for type 300 and nozzle type AD00 to AD16 for type 450), is fitted with additional nozzles that allow a group change from small to large nozzles. It is operated at the front by sliding a magnetic closing strip. This patented system guarantees complete closure and prevents undesirable noise production. The use of extravents allows significant adjustments to the primary air quantity without the unit moving outside its operating range on the air or the water side. Changing an office area into a meeting room, or the other way around, at a later stage is easy with this unit.

## Finish

### Housing

Material:	steel
Treatment:	electrogalvanised
Finish:	visible parts; epoxy varnish
Colour:	white (RAL 9010)

### Battery

Tubes:	copper
Fins:	aluminium
Post-treatment:	none
Test/operating pressure:	15/10 bar

## General

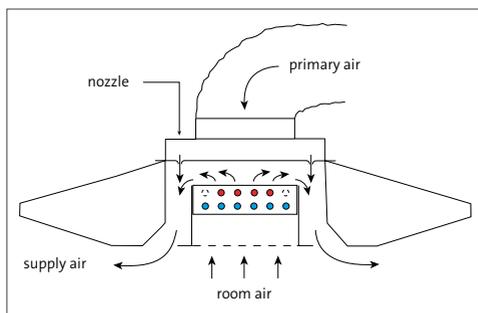
We recommend a straight flow length of  $3 \times D$  in the connection size of the chilled beam. We recommend studying our document "[Solid Air recommendations for waterquality](#)". For condensation-free operation, we recommend supplying the primary air with a dehumidifying capacity of 1 to 2 g/kg dry air. For specific information, please check the Mollier diagram.

## Note

- The listed dimensions are in mm.
- The weight is given in kg.

## Operating principle

The primary air is brought to high speeds via the venturi plates. This produces a powerful pump effect and secondary air is drawn in via the coil. The total of room air and primary air is brought into the room through the outflow openings integrated into the unit. When the air passes the coil, it is cooled or heated (optional) in function of the need in the room.



## Tangible

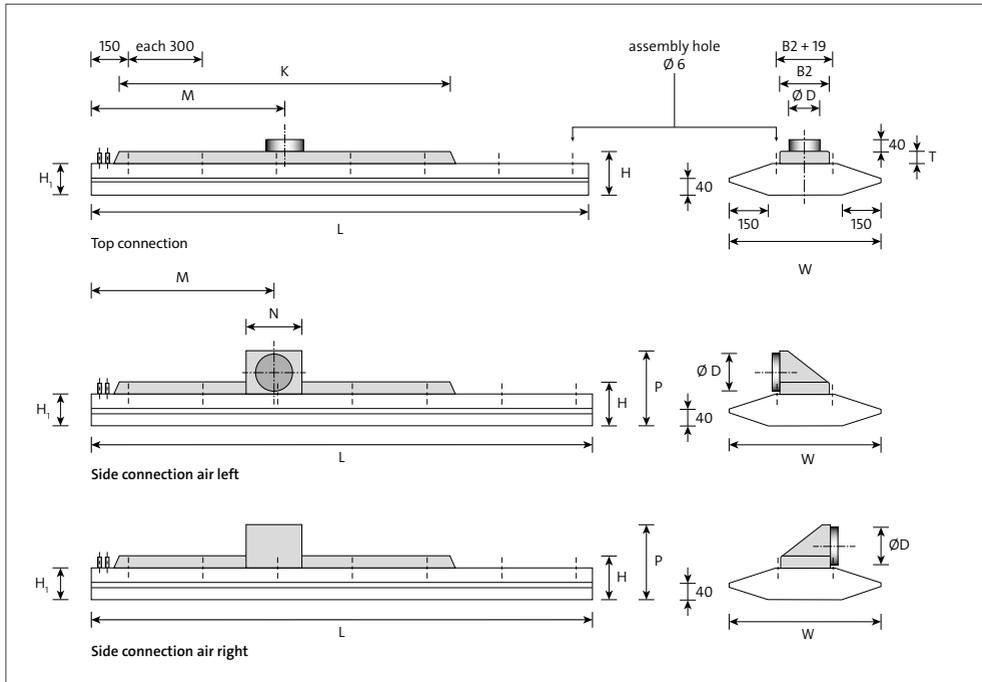
Chilled beams only produce 'tangible' capacity, the units do not have a drip tray. In systems with chilled beams, the required 'latent' capacity is supplied by the dehumidifying capacity of the air-handling unit.

## Selection process

Many factors play a role when you select a chilled beam. The unit has to be selected properly on the air and the water side. For the air side, we consider pressure and noise. On the water side, we consider the required volume of water, water-side resistance, "temperature difference (delta-T) on the water" and supplied output.

For a detailed selection procedure, we refer to the Appendix "[Selection process Solid Air chilled beam](#)".

## Dimensions

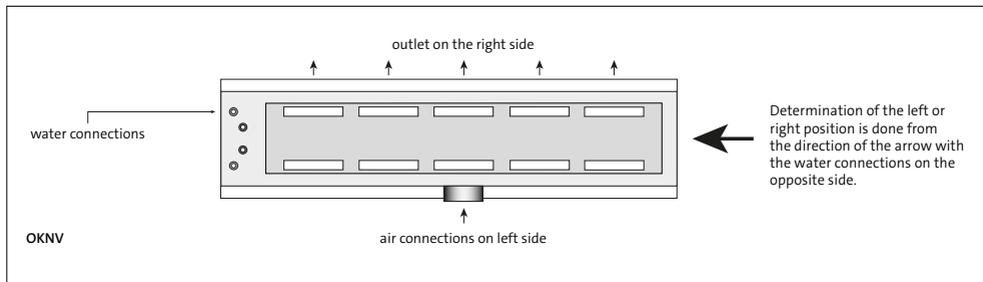


## Available dimensions

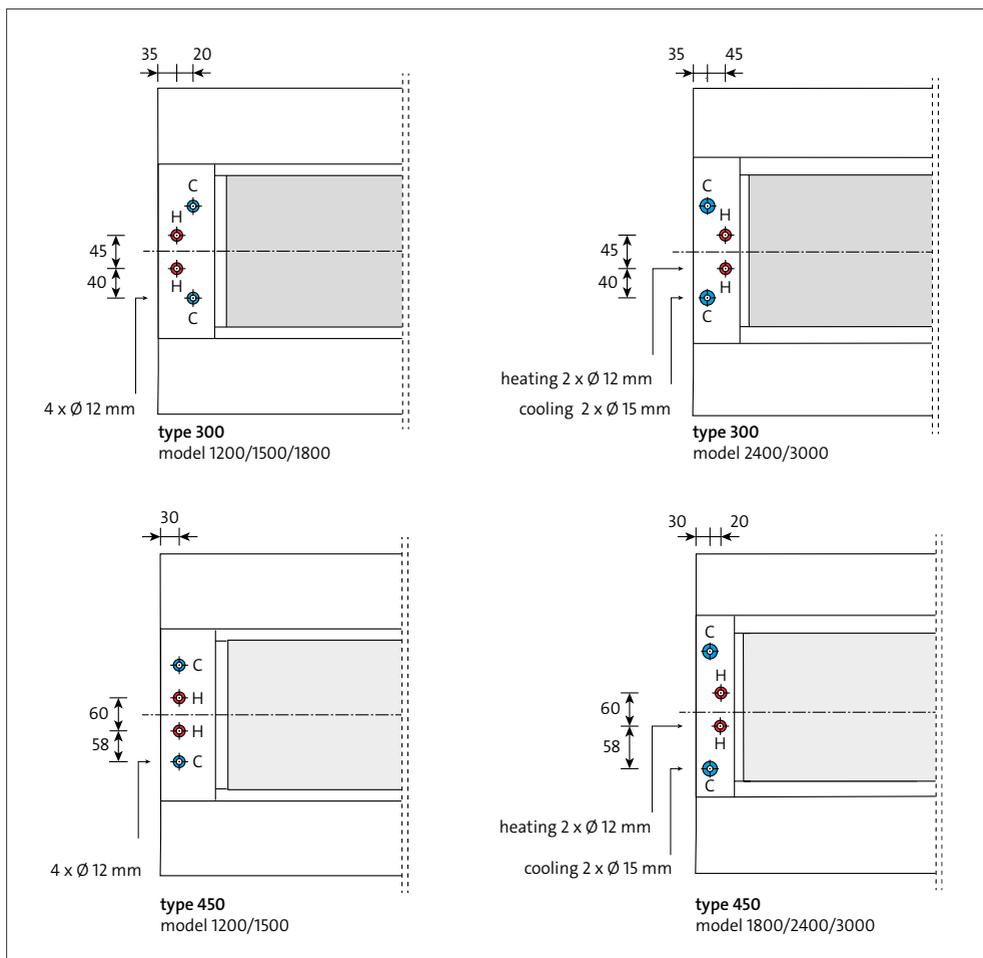
type	model	L from/to	W	B2	H	H1	D	M	N	P	K	T	weight
300	1200	1140/2995	595	200	145	105	123	580	225	235	980	40	13
	1500	1440/2995	595	200	145	105	123	730	225	235	1280	40	15
	1800	1670/2995	595	200	145	105	123	845	225	235	1510	40	17
	2400	2295/2995	595	200	145	105	158	1170	300	270	2110	40	23
	3000	2895/2995	595	200	165	105	158	1470	300	270	2710	60	29
300 extravent	1200	1140/2995	595	200	165	105	123	580	225	235	980	60	13
	1500	1440/2995	595	200	165	105	123	730	225	235	1280	60	15
	1800	1670/2995	595	200	165	105	158	845	270	270	1510	60	18
	2400	2295/2995	595	200	165	105	158	1170	300	270	2110	60	24
	3000	2895/2995	595	200	165	105	158	1470	300	270	2710	60	30
450	1200	1090/2995	745	300	195	135	123	555	225	265	980	60	17
	1500	1390/2995	745	300	195	135	123	705	225	265	1280	60	22
	1800	1640/2995	745	300	195	135	123	840	225	265	1510	60	25
	2400	2240/2995	745	300	195	135	158	1140	300	300	2110	60	34
	3000	2840/2995	745	300	195	135	198	1440	300	340	2710	60	42
450 extravent	1200	1090/2995	745	300	215	135	123	555	225	265	980	80	17
	1500	1390/2995	745	300	215	135	158	705	300	300	1280	80	22
	1800	1640/2995	745	300	215	135	158	840	300	300	1510	80	26
	2400	2240/2995	745	300	215	135	158	1140	300	300	2110	80	35
	3000	2840/2995	745	300	215	135	198	1440	300	340	2710	80	43

Tolerances: width W: + 2/- 2 mm, length L: + 0/- 4 mm.

## Position of air and water connection



## Water connections



## Operating principle extravents

With extravents, which can be changed from small to large nozzles in groups, it is possible to increase or reduce the net nozzle surface.

When the inlet pressure stays the same, the primary airflow can be increased or reduced, or the relationship between the primary airflow and the inlet pressure can be changed.

One extravent consists of a magnetic sliding strip on the plenum side of the nozzle plate. At the ends of this strip are 2 socket head screws, the heads of which are visible and can be accessed through the outflow gap of the unit. This requires an "socket-head screwdriver" of sufficient length. Net length 110 mm, for example type 206 S/4 of PB Tools.

## Setting the extravents

- Loosen both socket head screws loose by one turn. ①
- Move one of the screws, and in doing so the sliding strip, to the 'high' or 'low' position. ②
- Interim positions are not permitted!
- Turn both screws fingertight.

See the table below for the number of extravents per model.

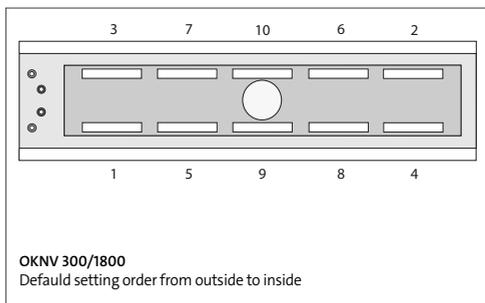
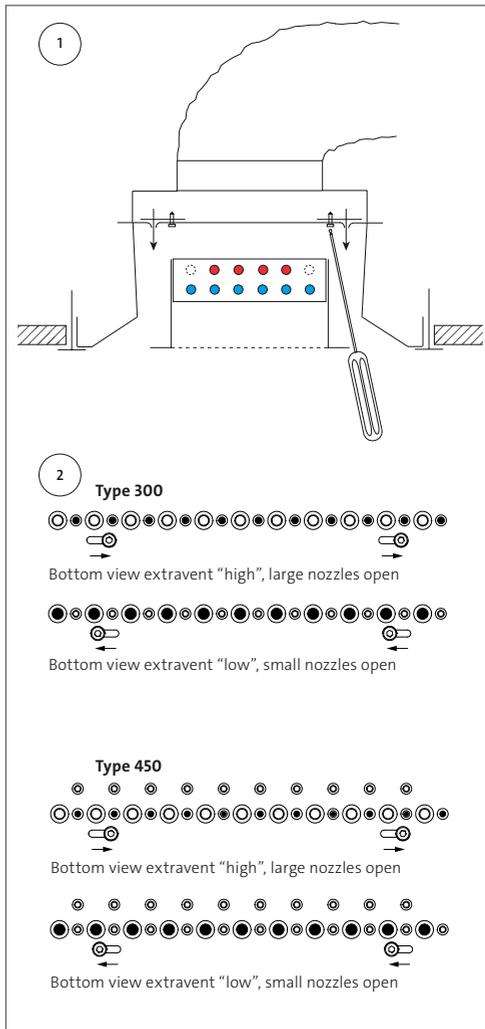
## Extravents per model

type	model	aantal extravents
300	1200	6 (BD00 t/m BD06)
	1500	8 (BD00 t/m BD08)
	1800	10 (BD00 t/m BD10)
	2400	12 (BD00 t/m BD12)
	3000	16 (BD00 t/m BD16)
450	1200	6 (AD00 t/m AD06)
	1500	8 (AD00 t/m AD08)
	1800	10 (AD00 t/m AD10)
	2400	12 (AD00 t/m AD12)
	3000	16 (AD00 t/m AD16)

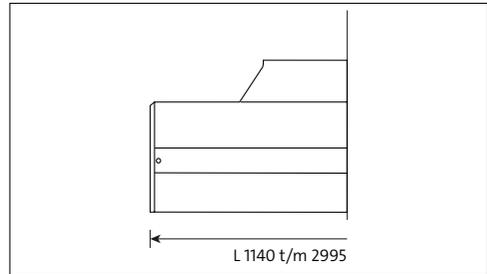
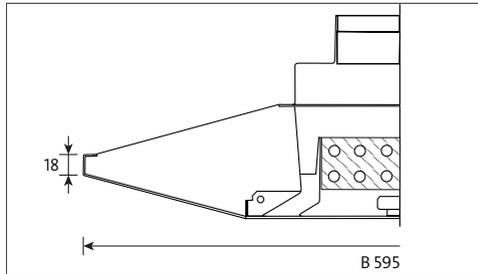
## Standard factory setting extravents

The selected extravent versions BD to AD are set ex-factory on the basis of a set protocol. For example, see the numbers 1 to 10 in the figure on the right for the sequence in which the extravents are put in the 'high' position.

If the units need to have a different ex-factory setting, we recommend you contact our sales department.



## Side-edge configuration



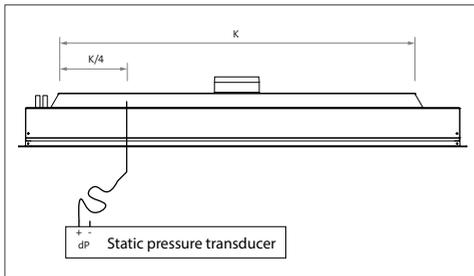
### Water quality

To keep your water-fed system in optimum condition, it is essential to flush the system regularly (once every two days) and to check the water quality regularly. For more information, we refer to our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)".

### Operating principle

After installation of the chilled beams, they must be adjusted air-sided and water-sided. This work is usually carried out by a specialized balancing company.

For the airside adjustment, the static pressure in the plenum should be measured at a quarter of the length of the plenum.



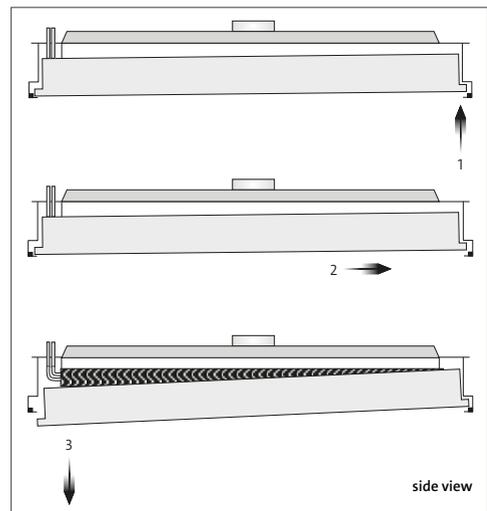
This requires a thin tube to insert through the nozzle into the plenum. Please note that extravent units use an open nozzle to perform the measurement. Inserting the measuring tube into a closed hole can damage the seal of the extravent strip and cause noise problems.

### Maintenance

In view of cleaning the coil and the supply nozzles, it is possible to remove the middle segment of the unit in a simple fashion. This works as follows:

1. Push the perforated part of the middle segment, in the middle, next to one of the ends, approximately 5 mm up.
2. At the same time, push the entire middle segment lengthways into the relevant end.
3. **NB:** The other side of the middle segment is now released from the opposite end and can be removed from the unit. It remains connected to the unit with two safety cables.

Fit in reverse order.



**Order and options codes**

OKNV 300/1500	A1	K	2	T	O	-	O	O	O	595 x 1495	9010 55
<b>Type</b> _____ 300 - 450											
<b>Model</b> _____ 1200 - 1500 - 1800 - 2400 - 3000											
<b>Nozzle plate</b> _____ A1 - A2 B1 - B2 - B3 C1 - C2 BD00 to BD16 (type 300) AD00 to AD16 (type 450)											
<b>Coil</b> _____ K cooling V cooling and heating O none (dummy)											
<b>Uitblaasconfiguratie</b> _____ 2 2-sided outflow 3 1-sided outflow to the left 4 1-sided outflow to the right											
<b>Air connection</b> _____ T top L left R right											
<b>Water connection</b> _____ O standard											
<b>Air-connection diameter</b> _____ - standard in accordance with size table on <a href="#">page 35</a>											
<b>Plenum uitvoering</b> _____ - standard in accordance with size table on <a href="#">page 35</a>											
<b>Diffuser</b> _____ O not applicable											
<b>Side-edge configuration</b> _____ O not applicable											
<b>FPC (outflow direction element)</b> _____ O not applicable F FPC (type 450 only)											
<b>Actual width</b> _____ depending on the type; see table of dimensions <a href="#">page 35</a>											
<b>Actual length</b> _____ depending on the model size (from 1140 to 2995 mm)											
<b>Colour</b> _____ RAL 9010 (standard)											
<b>Gloss level</b> _____ 55 % (standard)											

9



## OKNB

**Ventilate, cool and heat**  
**Bulkhead use**  
**Low built-in height**

### Available types

**O K N B - - - -**

- O** chilled beam
- K** closed version
- N** ventilate and cool
- B** incorporated into a bulkhead

#### - Type

400

#### - Model

1000

#### - Nozzle

L1 to L8

#### - Coil

- K** cooling only
- V** heating and cooling (double circuit)

### SA-Select

Check SA-Select to create extended order codes and selection details online. **NB!** At this moment, SA-Select is only available in Dutch. But it is possible to create extended order codes and selection details online.



### Use

The chilled beam type OKNB has a high capacity and is suitable for ventilating, cooling or heating rooms with a height of up to approximately 3 metres.

The chilled beam is designed for fitting into a bulkhead. The OKNB is perfect for use in hotel rooms or patient rooms in hospitals.

The choice of different nozzle types enables an optimum combination of ventilation air and cooling capacity in any situation.

The return diffuser can be opened to clean the coil.

### Finish

#### Housing

Material: steel  
 Treatment: electrogalvanised

#### Return diffuser

Material: steel/aluminium  
 Finish: visible parts; epoxy varnish  
 Colour: white (RAL 9010)

#### Wall diffuser

Material: aluminium or steel  
 Finish: blank anodised or epoxy varnish white (RAL 9010)

### Coil

Tubes: copper  
 Fins: aluminium  
 Post-treatment: none  
 Test/operating pressure: 15/10 bar

## General

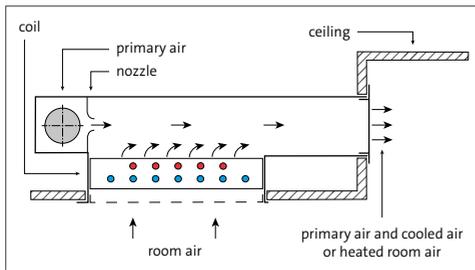
We recommend a straight flow length of  $3 \times D$  in the connection size of the chilled beam. We recommend studying our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)". For condensation-free operation, we recommend supplying the primary air with a dehumidifying capacity of 1 to 2 g/kg dry air. For specific information, please check the Mollier diagram.

## Note

- The listed dimensions are in mm.
- The weight is given in kg.

## Operating principle

The primary air is brought to high speeds via the venturi plates. This produces a powerful pump effect and secondary air is drawn in via the coil. The total of room air and primary air is brought into the room through the outflow openings integrated into the unit. When the air passes the coil, it is cooled or heated (optional) in function of the need in the room.



## Tangible

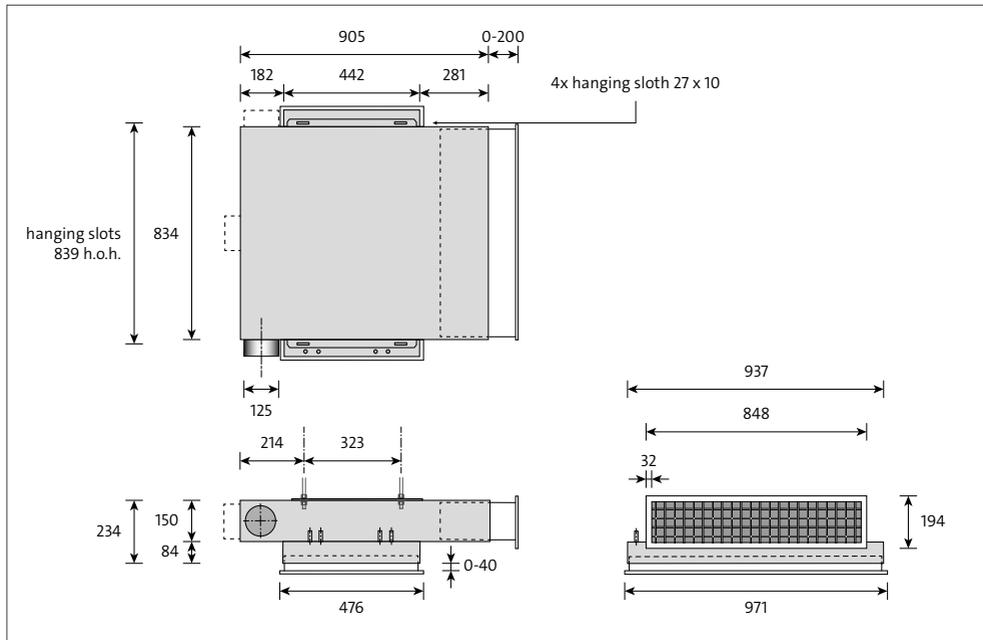
Chilled beams only produce 'tangible' capacity, the units do not have a drip tray. In systems with chilled beams, the required 'latent' capacity is supplied by the dehumidifying capacity of the air-handling unit.

## Selection process

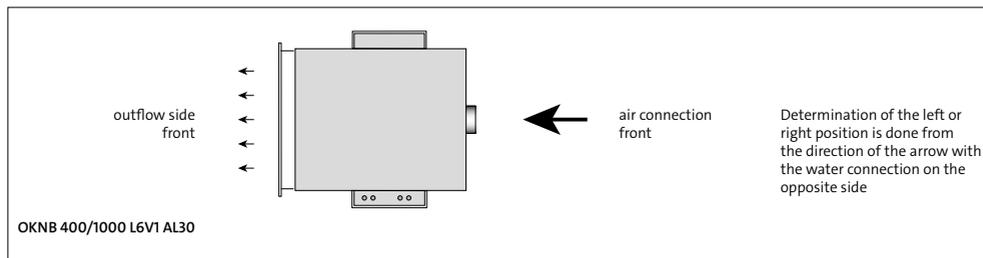
Many factors play a role when you select a chilled beam. The unit has to be selected properly on the air and the water side. For the air side, we consider pressure and noise. On the water side, we consider the required volume of water, water-side resistance, "temperature difference (delta-T) on the water" and supplied output.

For a detailed selection procedure, we refer to the Appendix "[Selection process Solid Air chilled beam](#)".

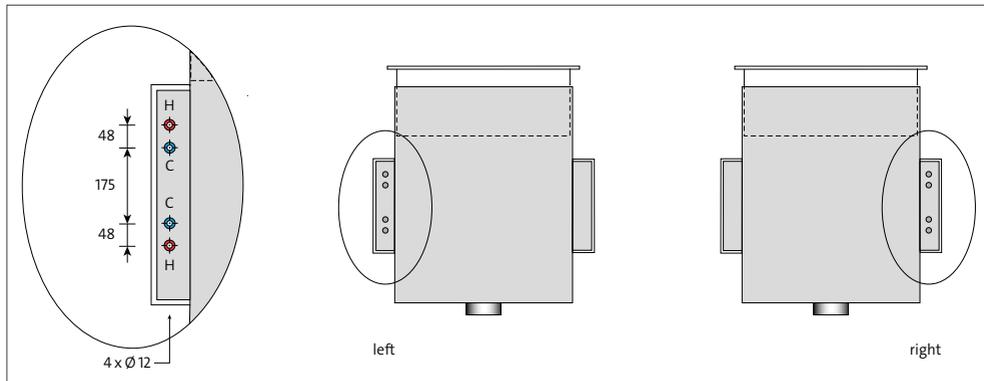
## Maatvoering



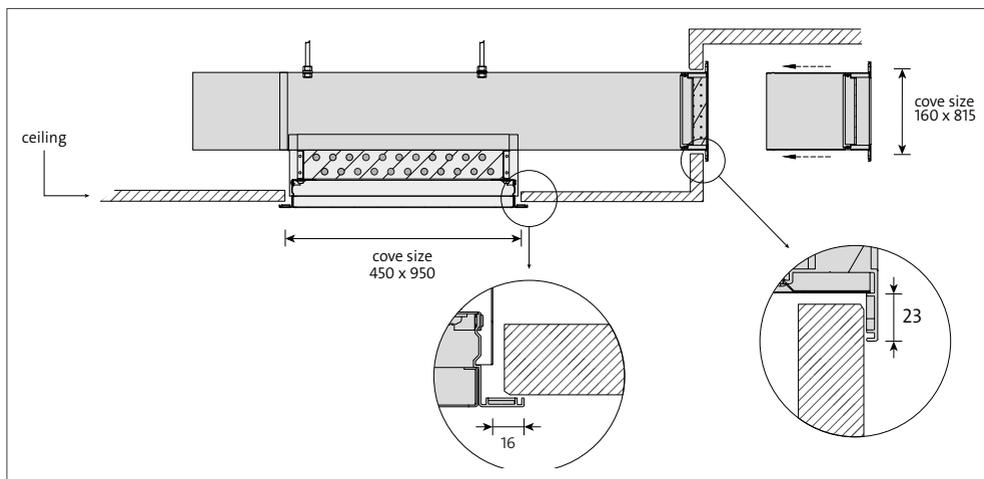
## Position of air and water connection



### Position of the water connection (top view)

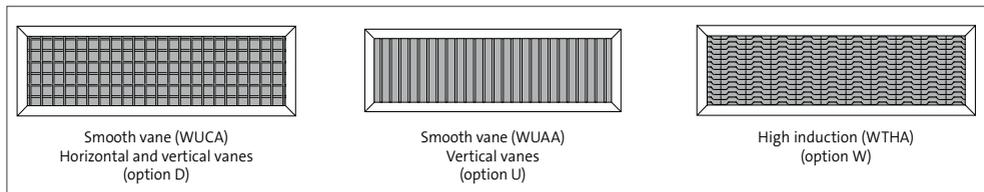


### Position of chilled beam in bulkhead



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### Supply diffusers



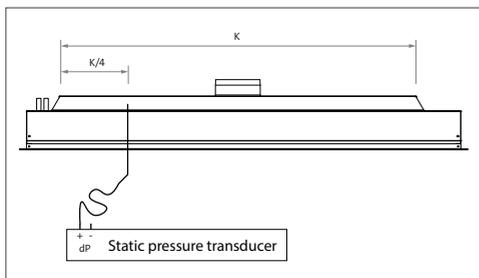
## Water quality

To keep your water-fed system in optimum condition, it is essential to flush the system regularly (once every two days) and to check the water quality regularly. For more information, we refer to our document "[Solid Air recommendations for water quality](#)".

## Operating principle

After installation of the chilled beams, they must be adjusted air-sided and water-sided. This work is usually carried out by a specialized balancing company.

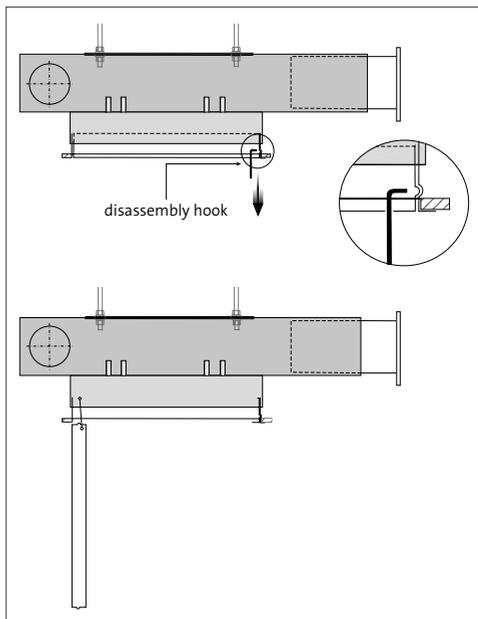
For the airside adjustment, the static pressure in the plenum should be measured at a quarter of the length of the plenum.



This requires a thin tube to insert through the nozzle into the plenum. Please note that extravent units use an open nozzle to perform the measurement. Inserting the measuring tube into a closed hole can damage the seal of the extravent strip and cause noise problems.

## Maintenance

The perforated return diffuser is fitted with a click system. In order to remove the perforated panel, you can use a small socket head screw that fits through the perforated panel. You can remove the perforated panel from the click system. The perforated panel remains connected to the unit with two safety cables.



**Order and options codes**

OKNB 400/1000	L6	V 1	A L 3 O	D O O	O x O	9010 55
<b>Type</b> _____ 400						
<b>Model</b> _____ 1000						
<b>Nozzle plate</b> _____ L1 t/m L8						
<b>Coil</b> _____ K cooling V cooling and heating						
<b>Outflow configuration</b> _____ 1 1-sided outflow						
<b>Air connection</b> _____ A back L left R right						
<b>Water connection</b> _____ L left R right						
<b>Air-connection diameter</b> _____ 3 125 mm						
<b>Plenum version</b> _____ O standard						
<b>Diffuser</b> _____ A single deflection (horizontal WUBA) U single deflection (vertical WUAA) D double deflection (WUCA) W high induction (WTHA) O no diffuser						
<b>Side-edge configuration</b> _____ O none applicable						
<b>FPC (outflow direction element)</b> _____ O none applicable						
<b>Actual width</b> _____ O see dimensions sketch on <a href="#">page 42</a>						
<b>Actual length</b> _____ O see dimensions sketch on <a href="#">page 42</a>						
<b>Colour</b> _____ RAL 9010 (standard), a different colour on request						
<b>Gloss level</b> _____ 55 % (standard)						